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# Data and Big Data

Welcome to the Age of Information

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Notes for CSC 100 - The Beauty and Joy of Computing  
The University of North Carolina at Greensboro

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## Reminders

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Project:

- **Project Proposal Presentations:** This Friday
- Written Proposals: Next Wednesday

*Blown to Bits:*

- Start reading Chapter 5
  - Reading reflection due next Wednesday
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## Data...

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What is data? Is it the same as information?

"You can have data without information, but you cannot have information without data." - Daniel Keys Moran

Data is being collected, generated, and stored far, far faster than ever before. How much?

"In 2012, every day **2.5 quintillion bytes of data** (1 followed by 18 zeros) are created, with 90% of the world's data created in the last two years alone." <http://marciaconner.com/blog/data-on-big-data/>

The result is a flood of data...

... or "Big Data"

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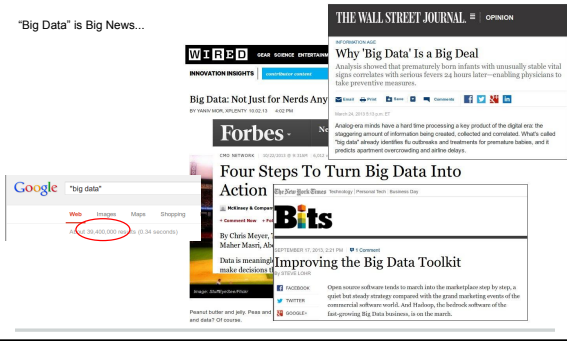
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# Everyone is talking about "Big Data"

"Big Data" is Big News...




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# Measuring Data

The basic unit of information is a bit  
... or a byte (usually 8 bits)

"usually"? Really? Really!  
Almost always 8 bits, but not always  
When it's important that we refer to 8 bits, the term used is "octet"

What is a kilobyte (kB)?  
Memory (RAM) sizes must be a power of 2, so 1 kB was traditionally  $2^{10}=1024$  bytes  
Different from SI units version of "kilo" (1000, as in kilometer, kilogram, ...)  
But it's close!  
So traditionally, 1 MB =  $2^{20}$  bytes = 1,048,576 bytes ; 1 GB =  $2^{30}$  B = 1,073,741,824 B  
So off by over 7% for 1GB  
Hard drive manufacturers revolted!  
Wanted to advertise a 229 B drive as 537 MB rather than 512 MB - back to SI units!  
Now: RAM typically in power-of-two units (some suggest KiB/MiB/GiB for this), and persistent storage in SI units. What about flash drives? If it's important, get clarification!

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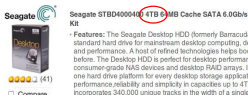
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# How much is...

- 1kB?
    - Paragraph of text
  - 1MB?
    - 4 megapixel JPEG-compressed image
  - 1GB?
    - 30 minutes of DVD-quality SD TV
    - 3.5 minutes at Blu-ray HD rate
  - 1TB?
    - 2,000 hours of audio (uncompressed)
    - 17,000 hours as MP3s (255,000 4-minute songs)
  - 1PB?
    - DNA of the entire population of the US - three times over!
    - Two months data from the planned Large Synoptic Survey Telescope
- See also <http://www.jameshuggins.com/hitek1/how-big.htm>*




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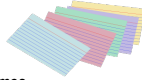
## A Flood of Data

### Recall from "Organizing Data" lecture

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Consider the amount of data we deal with:

- Human genome: Just over 3 billion base pairs
  - Typing in 12pt on 8.5x11 paper fits 2880 characters
  - So the human genome would be over a million pages (printed two-sided, an 86 foot high stack of paper)
- Facebook - <http://expandedramblings.com/index.php/by-the-numbers-17-amazing-facebook-stats/>
  - 1.23 billion monthly active users
  - Around 10 billion messages sent per day
  - On index cards, would be a stack 1260 miles high!
  - ... or end-to-end would stretch around the world 30 times
- Large Synoptic Survey Telescope
  - 16 terabytes (16,000,000,000,000 bytes) will be captured per day
  - No human being will ever see most of this data
- Walmart customer transaction database
  - Estimated to be approximately 2.5 petabytes



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## So much data available

### Some publicly-available big datasets

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Some examples of available data:

- data.gov
  - Over 130,000 datasets on Oct 26, 2014
  - Census data, USGS Topo maps, house price indexes, NOAA Geophysical Data Center, ...
- Amazon web services public data sets (<http://aws.amazon.com/datasets>)
  - Web crawl of over 5 billion web pages
  - "1000 Genomes Project"
  - Japan Census Data
  - Google Books Ngrams
- UCI Machine Learning Repository (<http://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/datasets.html>)
  - All sorts of data for machine learning experiments
- NCBI (<http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/genome>)
  - Genome information including sequences of many organisms
  - From the U.S. National Library of Medicine

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## Making sense out of data - viewing

### Visualization

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How can we view data? A couple of on-line examples:

"Many Eyes" hosted by IBM:

<http://www-958.ibm.com/software/data/cognos/manveyes/>

D3: Data-Drive Documents

Technology allows interactive data presentation

Example: <http://benschmidt.org/Degrees/>

D3 toolkit: <http://d3js.org/>

Other viz tools:

<http://selection.datavisualization.ch/>

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## Making sense out of data - processing

### Data mining: Finding patterns

What do you do with lots of data - find patterns!

An old urban legend: A supermarket analyzed purchasing data and found a correlation between purchases of diapers and beer that no one knew about. They put the two closer together in the store and..... profit!

The real story: Almost true... It was Osco Drug stores, not a supermarket. And while they found the correlation (between 5:00 and 7:00pm) they didn't actually change anything as a result - that was just a "what if..." comment that became legend.

There are certainly real stories that are even more astounding:

<http://www.nytimes.com/2012/02/19/magazine/shopping-habits.html>

From the story: "As Pole's computers crawled through the data, he was able to identify about 25 products that, when analyzed together, allowed him to assign each shopper a "pregnancy prediction" score. More important, he could also estimate her due date to within a small window, so Target could send coupons timed to very specific stages of her pregnancy."

See also: Video at the end of this lecture.

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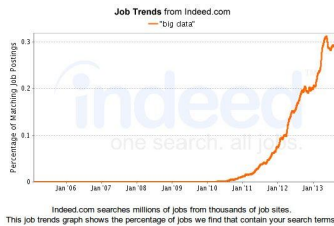
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## Data Analytics

### A valuable and growth-area skill

Job postings mentioning "Big Data":



Valuable contests to demonstrate skills and develop techniques:

<http://www.kaggle.com/>

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## Summary

Main take-aways:

- More data than ever before being collected and used
- Must be able to manage the data
- Making sense out of the data is a very valuable skill
  - Analysis, mining, and visualization are all parts of this

What you should have gotten from this lecture:

- A sense for data sizes
- An idea of what data is out there: available and private
- Some ideas and pointers for how data is used

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## And finally... a video

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### Relevant information:

- *NY Times Magazine* story on data mining  
<http://www.nytimes.com/2012/02/19/magazine/shopping-habits.html>
- Forbes story "How Target Figured Out A Teen Girl Was Pregnant Before Her Father Did":  
<http://www.forbes.com/sites/kashmirhill/2012/02/16/how-target-figured-out-a-teen-girl-was-pregnant-before-her-father-did/>

### The entertaining take:

<http://www.colbertnation.com/the-colbert-report-videos/408981/february-22-2012/the-word---surrender-to-a-buyer-power>

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